NEBRASKA INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COMMISSION Project Proposal - Summary Sheet Biennial Budget FY2009-2011

Project #	Agency	Project Title
25-01	DHHS	Access Nebraska

SUMMARY OF REQUEST (Executive Summary from the Proposal)

[Full text of all proposals are posted here: http://nitc.ne.gov/nitc/documents/fy2009-11/index.html]

ACCESSNebraska reengineers Economic Assistance Service Delivery in Nebraska by increased technology utilization and program policy/work efficiencies to modernize service delivery. Economic Assistance can broadly be defined as a group of Federal and State funded programs that assist low income Nebraskan's with financial and medical assistance leading to a better quality of life.

Service Delivery Redesign

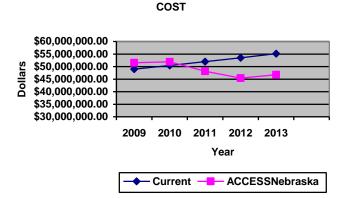
ACCESSNebraska Service Delivery is the consolidation and specialization of work tasks into primary functions (Interviewing, Processing, and Change Management). It utilizes a statewide universal caseload, allowing for the workload to be balanced over the entire system. The redesign is made possible by investing in the modernization of processes.

- Web Based Application An online Application for Economic Assistance and Screening Tool available via any internet connection.
- Document Imaging System An electronic file system. Provides for conversion from paper to electronic case files with timely and universal access to information.
- Call Centers Centralized Economic Assistance telephone contact number for customer access and information.
- Functional Case Management Case work conducted by completion of a primary work function (Interviewing, Processing, Change Management)
- Universal System Case work prioritized by need and balanced out over entire system. The system is not dependent on face to face customer contact or staff location.

ACCESSNebraska Cost/Benefits

- ACCESSNebraska One Time Costs are estimated to be \$4,540,188
- One time Costs to be funded by \$4.56 million in Food Stamp Bonus money and Federal Matching money
- Annual Operating Costs estimated to be \$2,887,896 for this model (Call Centers, Document Imaging)
- Total Economic Assistance Operations starting in 2012 of approximately \$8.4 million less then the current Service Delivery per year.

The following chart shows Current Service Delivery Costs and ACCESSNebraska Service Delivery Cost. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE SERVICE DELIVERY



FUNDING SUMMARY

ACCESS NEBRASKA - PROJECT PROPOSAL FORM - 09/10/2008

NOIL.	- Apo	10.00100.001	248	represent or	y a	io n'iolatou	- an	on and the of	ALC: N	, projoor	
		PI	RC	JECTED E	XPI	ENDITURE	S				
Contractual Services	Τ	Total		Prior Exp	A	FY09 ppr/Reappr	F١	/10 Request	FY	11 Request	Future Ade Request
Total	\$	104,177	\$	-	\$	102,677	\$	1,500	\$	-	\$
Design	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Programming	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Project Managemen	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Data Conversior	\$	74,177	\$	-	\$	74,177					
Other	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	28,500	\$	1,500			
Telecommunications	T.				<u> </u>		Ť.				
Total	\$	3,337,252	\$	-	\$	535,918	\$	1,707,545	\$	1,093,789	\$
Data	\$	-	\$	-	-	-					
Video	Ś	-	Ś	-							
Volce	Ś	3,337,252	ŝ	-	\$	535,918	\$	1,707,545	\$	1,093,789	
Wireless	Ś	-	Ś	-	Ť		Ť				
Training	Ť		Ť		<u>├</u>						
Total	\$	50,000	\$	-	s	50,000	5	-	5	-	\$
Technical Staff	Ś	-	Ś	-	Ť		Ŧ		+		Ŧ
End-user Staff	Ś	50,000	Ś	-	s	50,000					
Other Operating Costs	Ť		Ť		Ť						
Total	5	2,228,623	s	-	5	609,778	5	799,234	5	819,611	5
Personnnel Cosl	Š	-	\$	-	Ť		Ť		*		*
Supplies & Materials	Ś	-	Ś	-	<u>├</u>						
Travel	\$	-	Ś	-							
Other (Facilities, Maintenance	Ś	2,228,623	Ś	-	\$	609,778	s	799,234	5	819,611	
Capital Expenditures	Ť		Ť		Ť		Ť				
Total	\$	1,495,139	5	-	\$	1,208,443	5	224,200	5	62,495	\$
Hardware	ŝ	557,104		-	ŝ	437,104		120,000	Ŧ		
Software	Š	364,343		-	ŝ	364,343	Ť				
Network	ŝ	573,692		-	ŝ	406,996	5	104,200	5	62,495	
Other	Ś	-	Ś	-	Ś	-	Ŧ		Ŧ		
				FUN	· ·	G	-				
		Totai		Prior Exp	Ap	FY09 ppr/Reappr.	F١	r10 Request	FY	'11 Request	Future Ad Request
Total Funding	\$	7,215,191	\$	-	\$	2,506,816	\$	2,732,479	\$	1,975,896	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-					-		
Cash Fund	Ś	-	\$	-							
Federal Func	\$	7,215,191	\$	-	\$	2,506,816	\$	2,732,479	\$	1,975,896	
Revolving Fund	Ś	-	ŝ	-	<u> </u>		ŕ				
Other Fuña	Š	-	Ś	-							

PROJECT SCORE

					Maximum
Section	Reviewer 1	Reviewer 2	Reviewer 3	Mean	Possible
Goals, Objectives, and Projected Outcomes	10	15	10	11.7	15
Project Justification / Business Case	16	24	18	19.3	25
Technical Impact	12	16	12	13.3	20
Preliminary Plan for Implementation	6	7	5	6.0	10
Risk Assessment	8	10	6	8.0	10
Financial Analysis and Budget	10	10	15	11.7	20
			TOTAL	70	100

REVIEWER COMMENTS

Section	Strengths	Weaknesses
Goals, Objectives,	- Clear desire and intent to utilize modern	- This is a very large project utilizing a variety of
and Projected	technology to streamline application and	technology approaches each of which brings
Outcomes	casework processes. Clear desire and intent to	significant technical, training and user challenges.
	use appropriate technology (document imaging,	The proposal focuses on approach rather than
	web application) to address service delivery	providing any detail as to the specific technology
	challenges.	that will be used and how it will be implemented.
	- The goals and objectives of this particular project	Further, the evaluation is very rudimentary
	are quite outstanding and make wonderful sense.	suggesting that limited thought has gone into
	- Goals, beneficiaries and expected outcomes are	evaluating the project.
	adequately expressed. Assessment and	 Relationship to agency technology plan is not
	verification is more broadly expressed.	clear.
Project Justification	- The benefits of modernizing a 30+ year old	 The specifics of the technology are not in
/ Business Case	system are clear. Other systems have been	evidence. Centralizing information and distributing
	reviewed and the proposed environment reflects	workload is a proven methodology, however,
	observed best practice and program success. The	there is little in the proposal that provides enough
	ROI is clearly evident in cost savings/avoidance.	specific information to know whether the desired
	 The project justification and business case 	outcomes can be achieved based upon the
	clearly show the value of undertaking a project	technology to be implemented.
	such as this. The benefits of the potential cost	
	savings are also quite significant.	
	- Return on investment is tangibly expressed.	
	Research was provided on potential intangible	
	benefits, but more details and experience from	
	other states using these systems and the effect on	
	their customers would have been useful in	
	evaluating the project.	
Technical Impact	 It is clear that the project is underway and 	- Moving to a greater self-service delivery model
	progress is being made toward specific objectives.	that utilizes multiple technology delivery methods
	The chosen technology provides greater access	is significant both in scope and risk. There is not
	to customers and streamlines business	sufficient information to assess that risk especially
	processes.	in the area of system integration.
		 I find this part of the evaluation to be quite
		confusing as dates provided indicate that work
		has apparently already begun on this project.
		What is not clear is who is going to be doing the
		work. Will it be done internally at HHS or will they
		contract out for this Web development and other
		components. I find it very hard to follow the
		approach that HHS is taking from a technical
		perspective.
		- Although call center and imaging components
		are proven technologies, the proposed solutions
		are not developed in the proposal as thoroughly
		as would be available in the development of
Declination Direct	The addition plan provide the Post of the State	specific RFPs and vendors' responses.
Preliminary Plan for	- The existing plan provides clear direction and	- The existing plan provides little in the way of
Implementation	achievable outcomes.	technical detail. This is especially troublesome in
	- Again I find this a very compelling project and	the customer facing areas where existing staff will
	one that makes tremendous amount of sense	be re-purposed. It is not clear what training
	question is can it be done quicker than the	existing staff will receive, the nature of QA as new
	implementation plan implies.	methods are adopted, and how adoption outside
		the agency will progress.
		- The first reaction is, why will the implementation
		take up to five years to complete? Seems like an
		awful long period of time for a project such as this.
		I'm also not sure if the intention is to buy a
		package that already provides this needed
		functionality or is this something that's going to be
		built from scratch internally. As someone who is
		outside the HHS environment, I find it difficult to
		understand all the nuances associated with this
		project.
		- Some critical elements that cannot be evaluated

NEBRASKA INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COMMISSION Project Proposal - Summary Sheet Biennial Budget FY2009-2011

Section	Strengths	Weaknesses
		include, software customization, workflow transition from old systems to replacement and impact on continuing service, training and change management resources required, and scope and costs of project management.
Risk Assessment	 Many of the risks have been recognized and addressed. Critical or risky factors have been identified and seem to be quite realistic. HHS has done a good job of identifying strategies to overcome their risk as well. 	 Change management is a major element of an implementation that is this diverse and encompasses so many existing processes. It is not clear that sufficient consideration has been given to addressing the very real system integration issues that are likely to arise. The most likely outcome is a lack of usability associated with some particular process or processes that could stifle adoption or greatly impact a time line where cost savings need to be realized. Risks are significant - and although well described - are heightened by ambitious design, change management (involving management, employees and customers), and implementation assumptions.
Financial Analysis and Budget	- Budget based on case studies and research.	 The proposal does not adequately outline the expenditures such that it is clear what each category of expense is related to. This might be a limitation of the reporting structure; however, it is impossible to understand expenditures placed in an "other" category when they are not identified in the proposal. That item alone is over 2 million dollars. The logic in determining how these cost figures were derived is hard to follow. Not having the knowledge of how this system is actually going to be developed it's quite hard to determine out how much money would be required for all the various components necessary to operate it, once it is developed. I also don't see any money for backfill and I think that's important since one of the identified risks is limited staff and the ability staff to do their current job as well as spend time developing the new system. I would need somebody to sit down with me and go through these numbers before I could make any judgment as to whether or not there appropriate. Significant implementation risks carry additional, unquantified budget impact.

TECHNICAL PANEL COMMENTS

Technical Panel Checklist				Technical Panel Comment
	Yes	No	Unknown	
1. The project is technically feasible?	\checkmark			
2. The proposed technology is appropriate for the project?			✓	
3. The technical elements can be accomplished within the proposed timeframe and budget?			~	

• Unknown and substantial risks outside of the technical realm make the project difficult to assess.

NITC COMMENTS

• Tier 1 (Highly Recommended. Mission critical project for the agency and/or the state.) (Note: Revised recommendation made by the NITC at their March 3, 2009 meeting.)